

NC Department of Health and Human Services

Data Perspective

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January 11, 2019

On a Typical Day in North Carolina

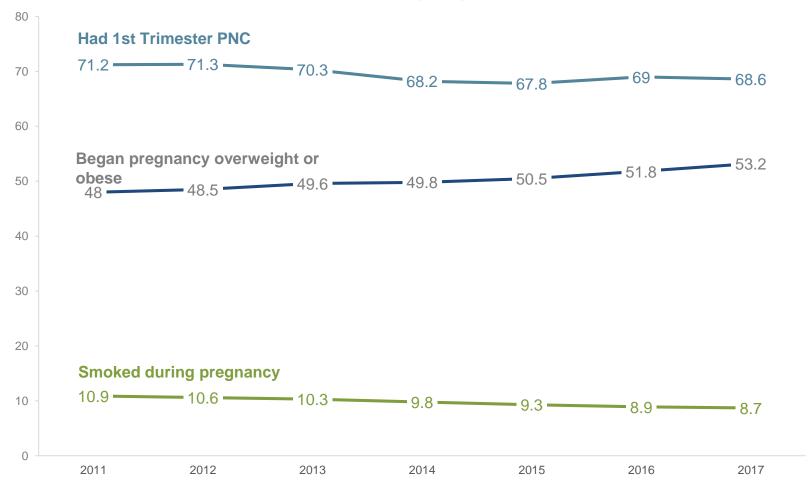
| Resident Events | 1997 | 2017 |
|--------------------------------------|------|------|
| Live Births | 293 | 329 |
| Low Birthweight Births (<2500 grams) | 26 | 31 |
| Teen Births, Ages 15 - 19 | 41 | 19 |
| Infant Deaths | 3 | 2 |

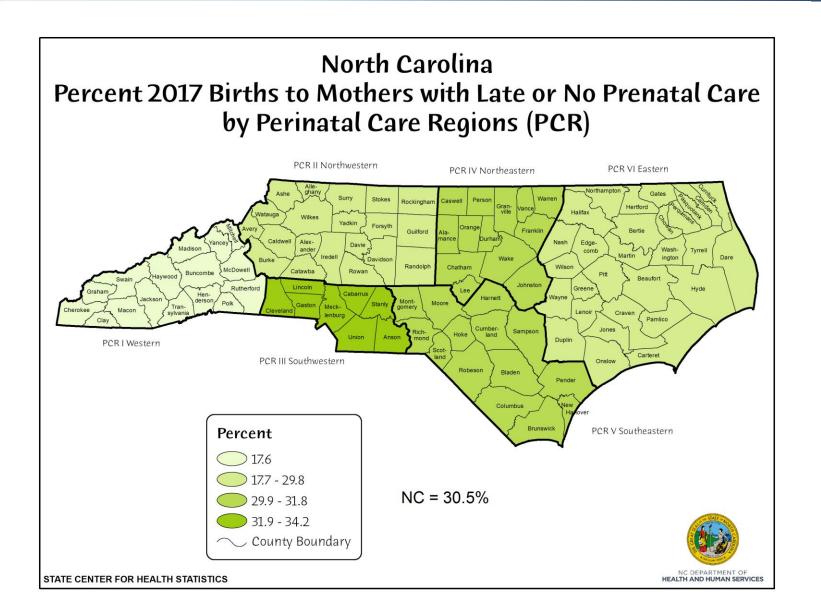
Yearly Totals in North Carolina

| Resident Events | 1997 | 2017 |
|---|---------|---------|
| Live Births | 106,949 | 120,099 |
| % of Low Birthweight Births (<2500 grams) | 8.8 | 9.4 |
| % of Births to Women <18 years | 5.5 | 1.5 |
| Infant Death Rate | 9.2 | 7.1 |

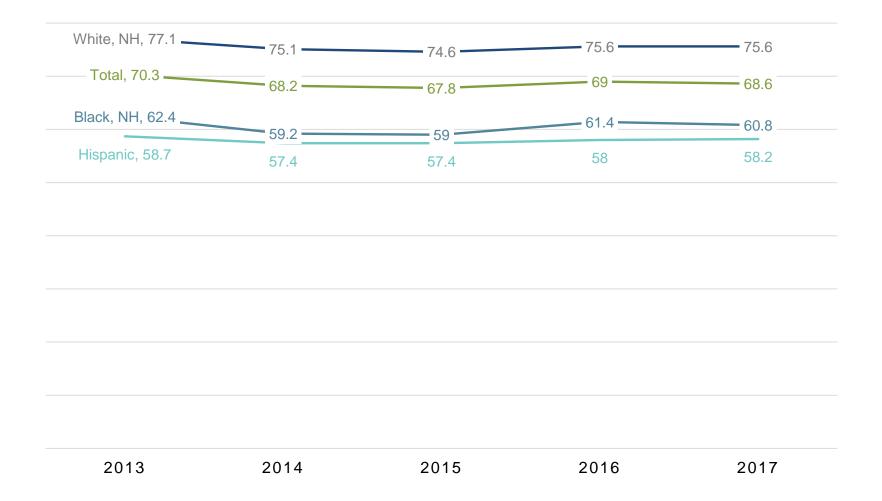
Characteristics of NC Women Giving Birth



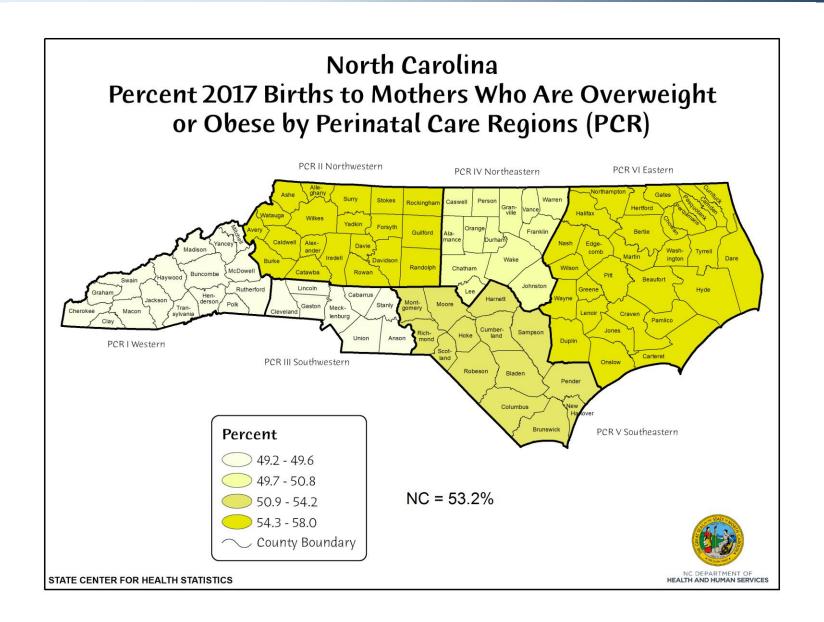


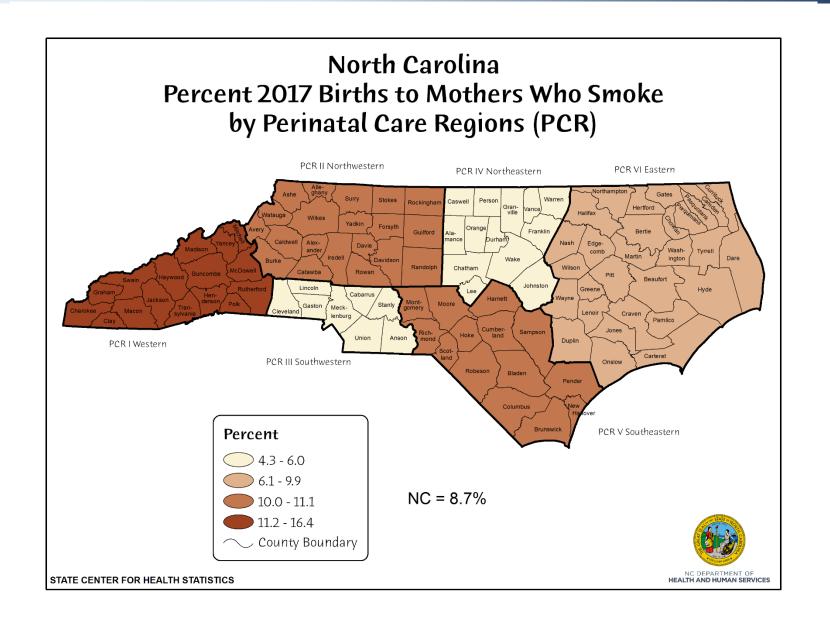


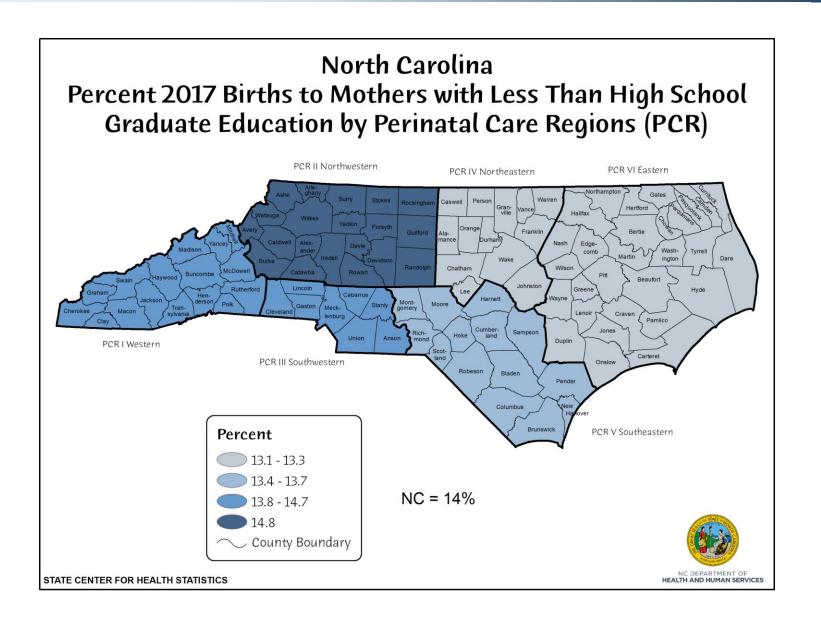
Percent of NC Women Receiving 1st Trimester Prenatal Care

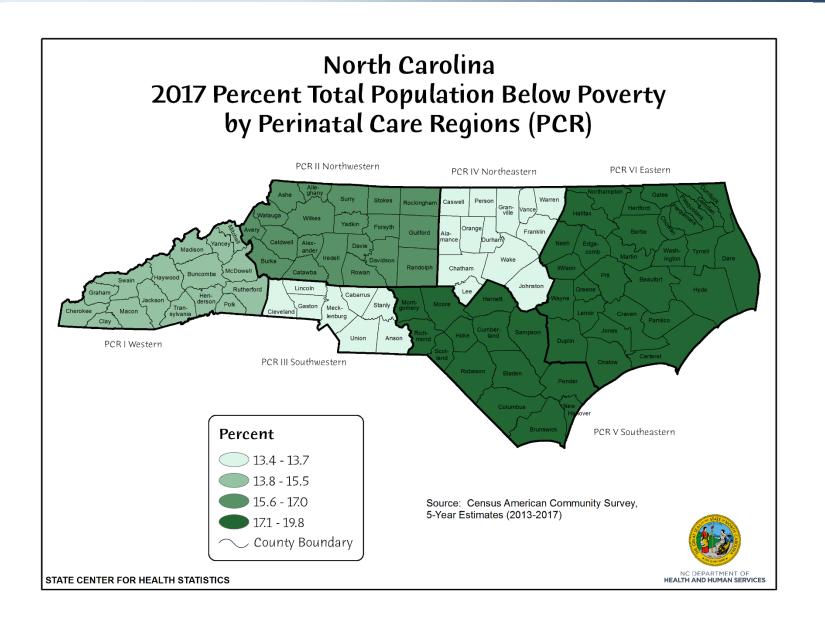


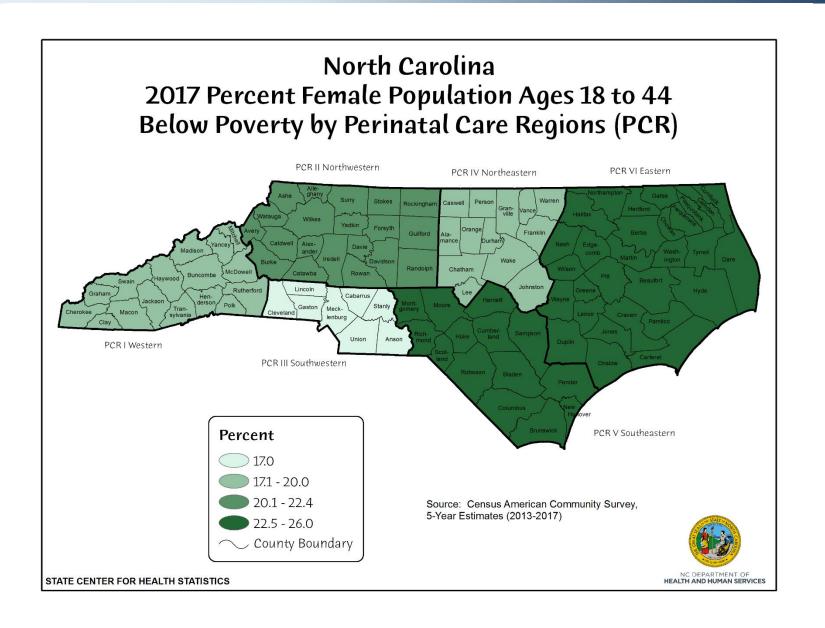
Source: NC State Center for Health Statistics

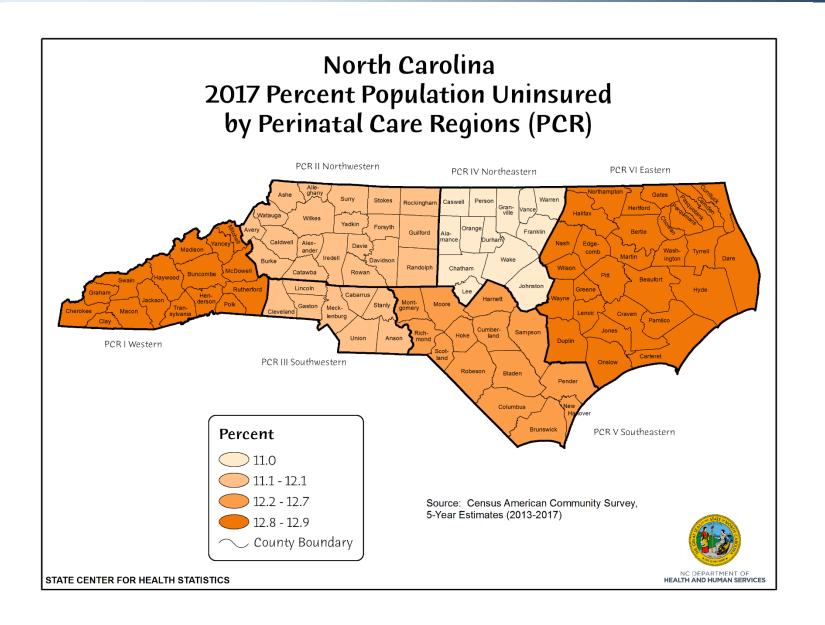












NC Percent of Unintended Pregnancies, 2016 NC Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System (PRAMS)

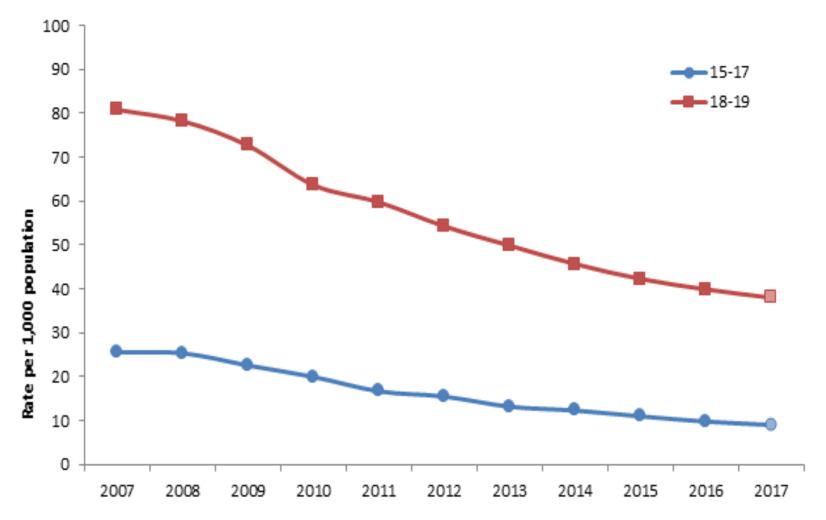
| Total | 32.2 |
|----------------|------|
| By Age | |
| <25 years | 47.5 |
| 25 to 34 years | 28.2 |
| 35+ years | 19.8 |
| By Race | |
| White, NH | 25.6 |
| Black, NH | 45.3 |
| Other, NH | 33.4 |
| Hispanic | 34.1 |

Unintended Pregnancy Question: Thinking back to just before you got pregnant with your new baby how did you feel about becoming pregnant?

Those who chose "I wanted to be pregnant later" or "I did not want to be pregnant then or at any time in the future" were classified UNINTENDED PREGNANCY.

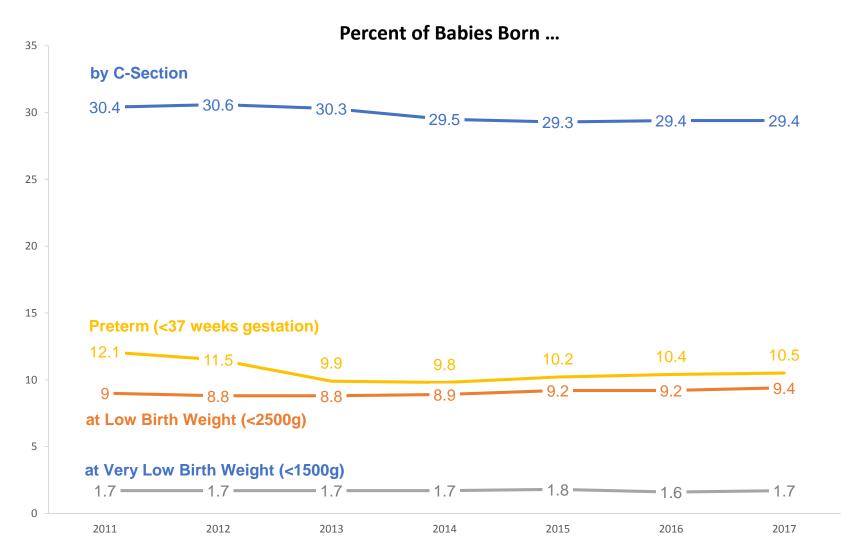
Source: NC State Center for Health Statistics, PRAMS

NC Birth Rates for Teens Ages 15 to 17 and 18 to 19 2007 to 2017

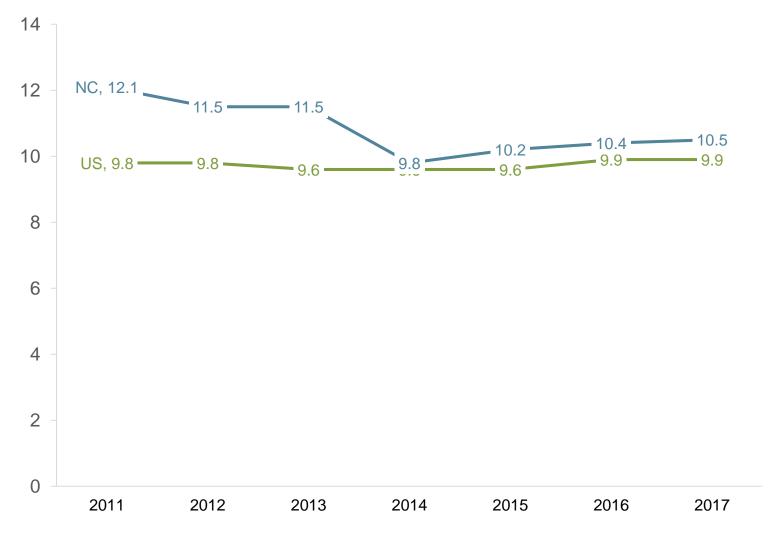


Source: NC State Center for Health Statistics

Characteristics of NC Infants

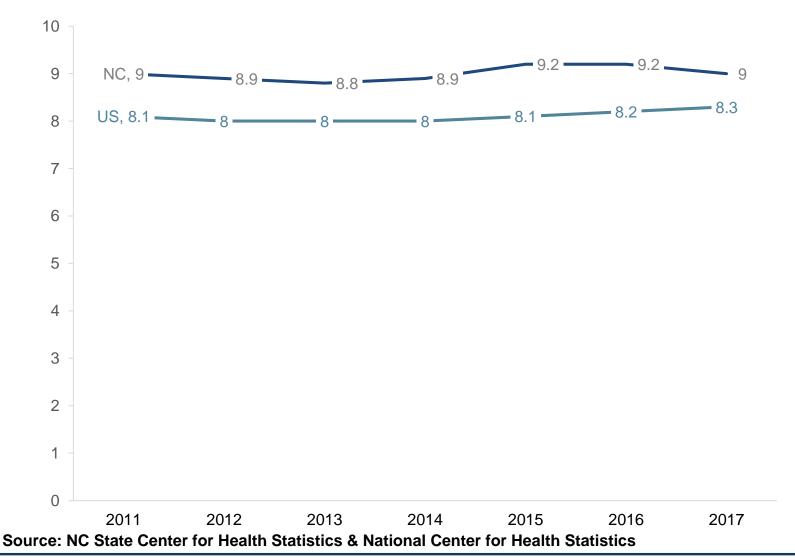


Percentage of Live Births Born Preterm (<37 weeks) 2010-2017: US and NC

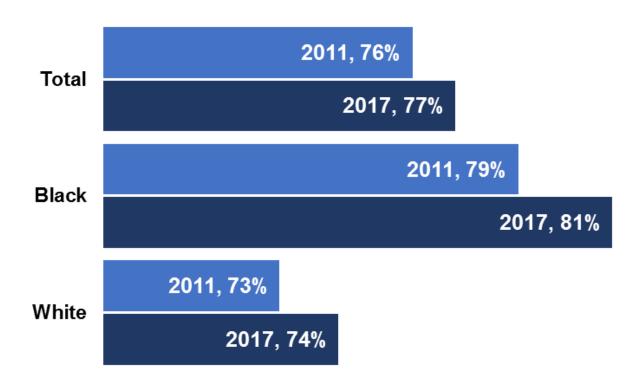


Source: NC State Center for Health Statistics & National Center for Health Statistics

Percentage of Low Birth Weight Births (<2500g) 2010-2017: US and NC



North Carolina Percent of Very Low Birth Weight (<1500g) Infants Born at Level 3* Hospitals



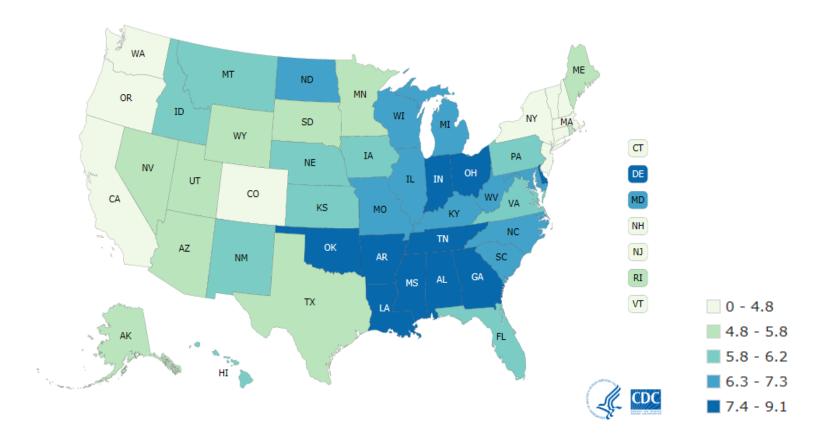
^{*}Using current classifications
Source: Nc State Center for Health Statistics

Infant Mortality Data

Infant Mortality by State 2016

US Rate: 5.9/1,000 live births

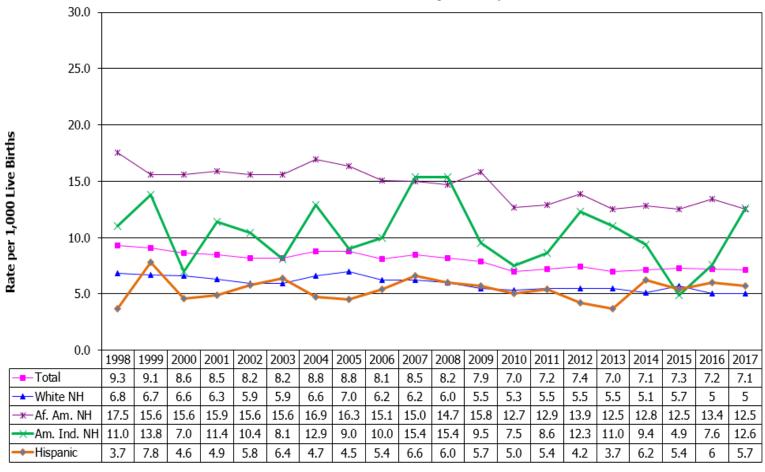
NC Rate: 7.2/1,000 live births Ranked 12th in US



Source: CDC, National Center for Health Statistics

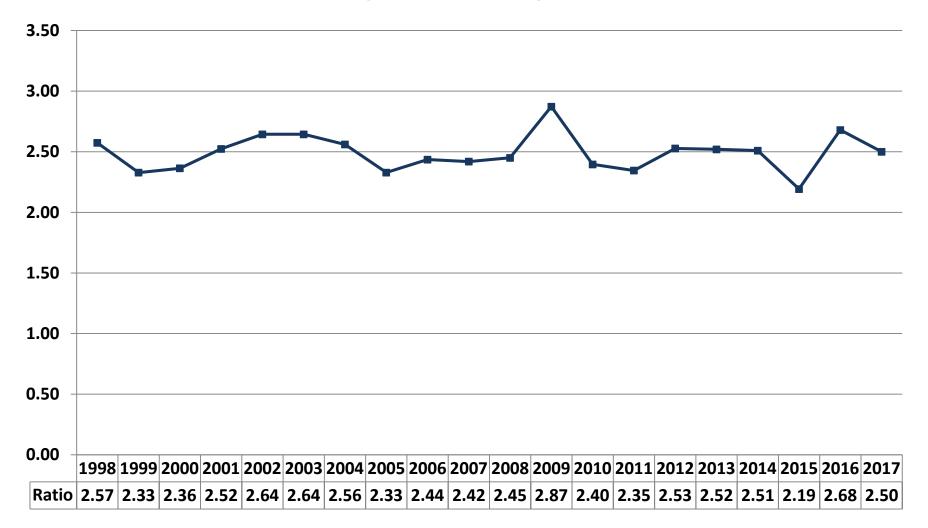
NC Resident Infant Death Rates, 2007-2017 Racial Distribution

NC Resident Infant Mortality Rates, 1998-2017



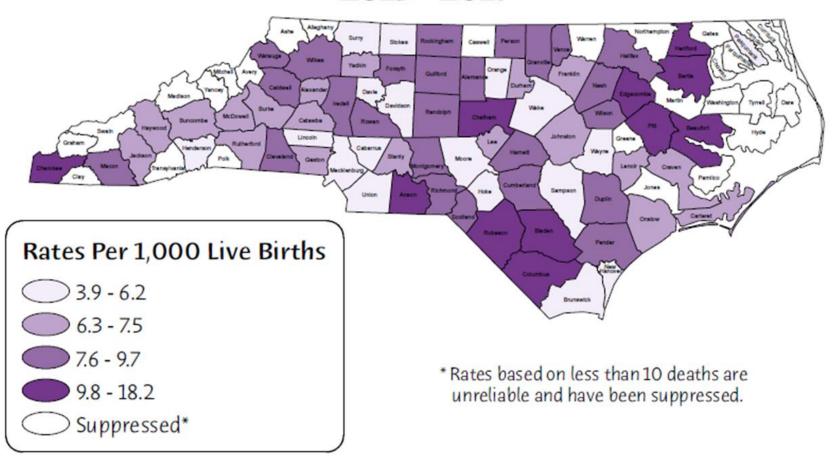
Source: NC DHHS North Carolina State Center for Health Statistics

NC Infant Mortality Disparity Ratio* 1998-2017



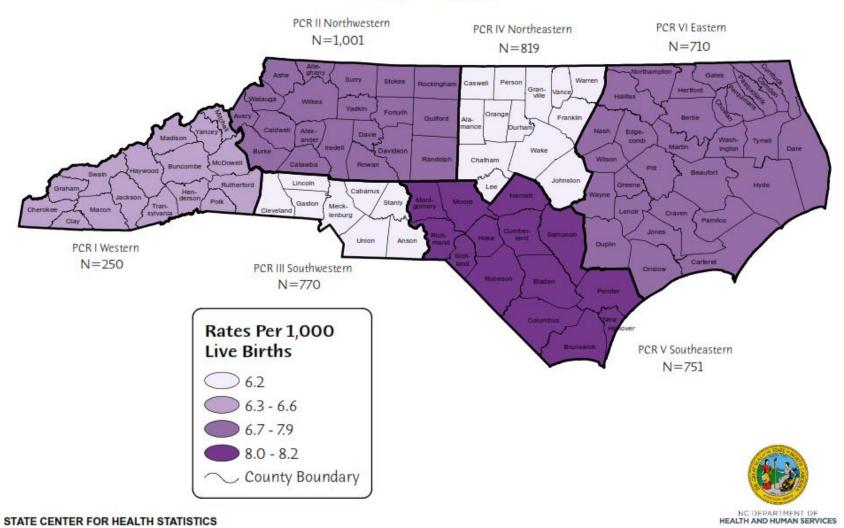
^{*}Ratio of Non-Hispanic Black to Non-Hispanic White Infant Mortality Rates Source: North Carolina State Center for Health Statistics, 2017 Infant Mortality Report

North Carolina Infant Mortality Rates by County 2013 - 2017

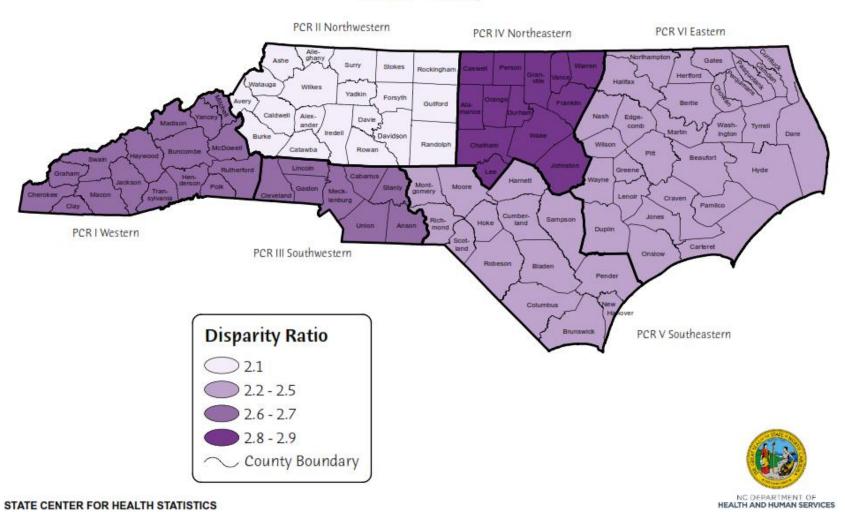


Source: NC DHHS North Carolina State Center for Health Statistics

North Carolina Infant Mortality Rates by Perinatal Care Regions (PCR) 2013 - 2017

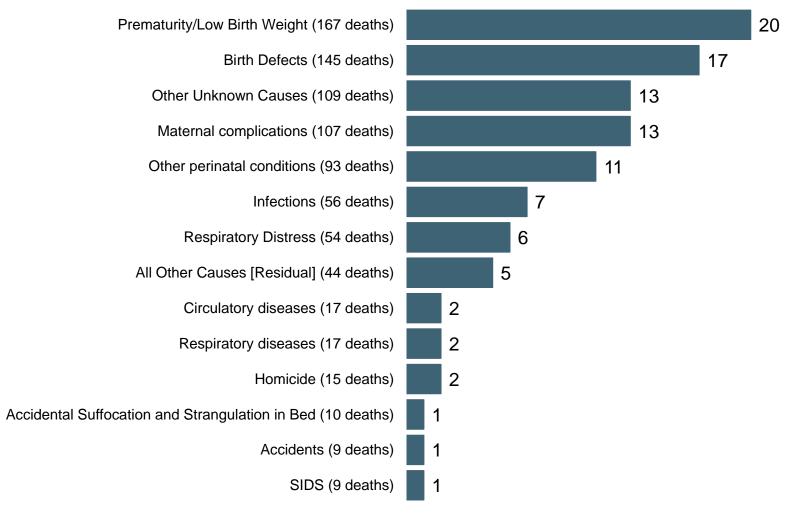


North Carolina Infant Mortality Racial Disparities Between White (Non-Hispanics) and African-American (Non-Hispanics) by Perinatal Care Regions (PCR) 2013 - 2017



Leading Causes of Infant Death, NC 2017

Percent of All Deaths by Cause

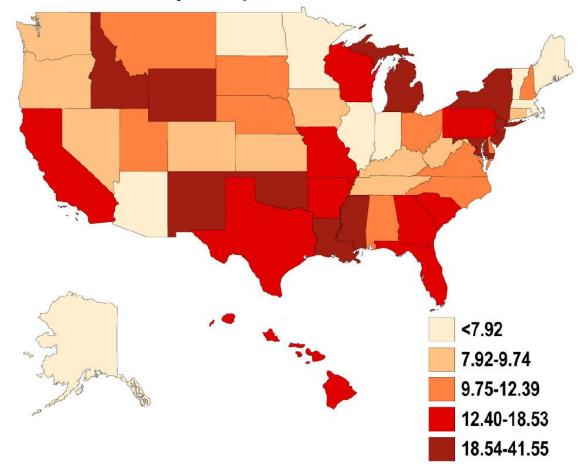


Source: North Carolina State Center for Health Statistics, 2017 Infant Mortality Report

Maternal Mortality/ Morbidity Data

NC ranked 16th for maternal mortality

Maternal mortality rate per 100,000 live births, 2003-2007



SOURCE: HRSA | **NOTE**: The U.S. has not officially reported maternal mortality since 2007.

Understanding the Data

- Variations in identifying pregnancy-associated and pregnancy-related deaths
- Criteria for "pregnancy-related case" is not consistent over time
- Small numbers → unstable rates
- Case ascertainment thought to partially contribute to increasing maternal mortality rates
 - i.e. more cases are identified rather than occurring
- NC is part of a current working group with CDC and 4 other states to develop a "best practice" protocol to standardize case ascertainment nationally

SOURCE: MacDorman, Declercq, Cabral, Morton. *Is the United States Maternal Mortality Rate Increasing?*Disentangling trends from measurement issues. Obstet Gynecol. 2016 September; 128(3): 447–455.

Enhanced Surveillance of Maternal Mortality in North Carolina, https://schs.dph.ncdhhs.gov/schs/pdf/CHIS125.pdf

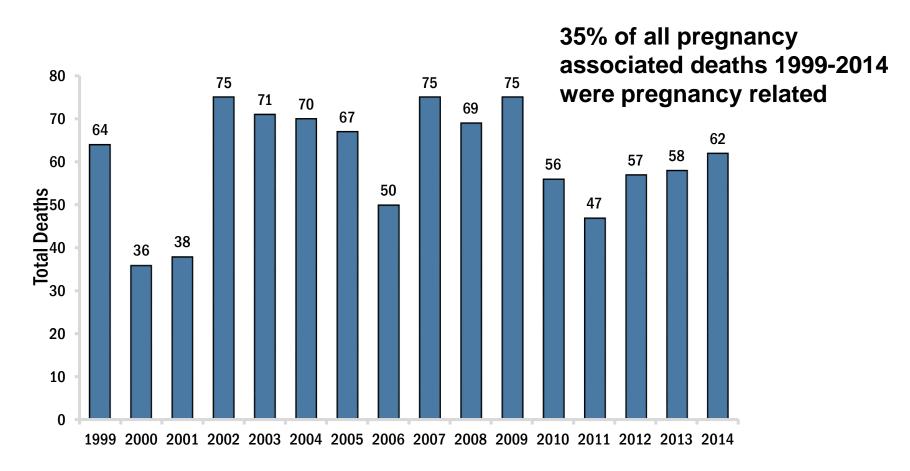
Maternal Mortality Defined

 Pregnancy Associated: umbrella term for all deaths during pregnancy or within 1 year of pregnancy, regardless of cause

 Pregnancy Related: the death of a woman while pregnant or within 1 year of pregnancy from any cause related to or aggravated by the pregnancy or its management, but not from accidental or incidental causes

SOURCE: St Pierre, A., Zaharatos, J., Goodman, D., Callaghan, W. Challenges and Opportunities in Identifying, Reviewing, and Preventing Maternal Deaths. Obstetrics & Gynecology. March 2018.

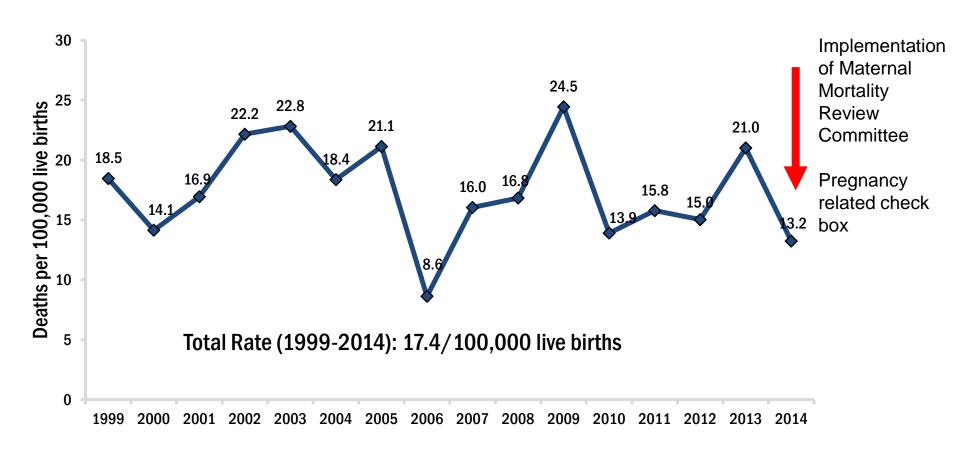
Number of Pregnancy-Associated Deaths North Carolina Residents 1999 – 2014



SOURCE: NC DHHS State Center for Health Statistics, June 2018

NOTE: Data source for ascertainment of pregnancy associated cases are variable over this time period. The criteria for a "pregnancy related case" is not consistent over time. NC is part of a working group with CDC to develop a "best practice" protocol to standardize case ascertainment nationally

Trends in Pregnancy-Related Death Rates North Carolina Residents 1999-2014

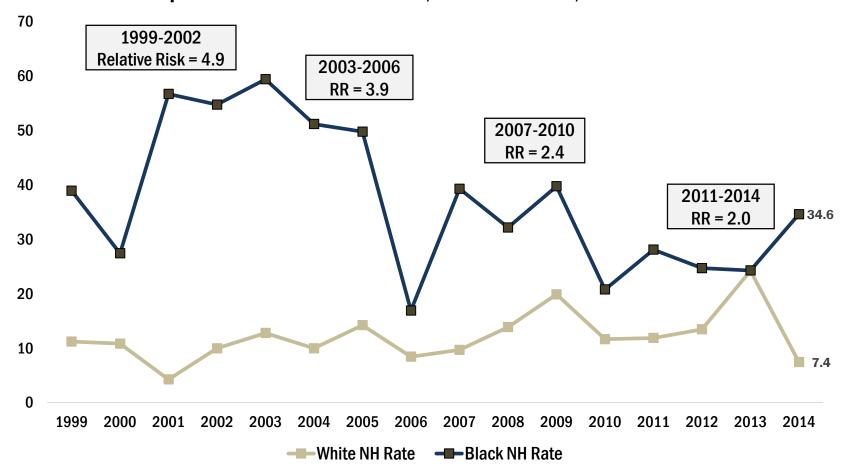


SOURCE: NC DHHS State Center for Health Statistics, June 2018

NOTE: Data source for ascertainment of pregnancy associated cases are variable over this time period. The criteria for a "pregnancy related case" is not consistent over time.

Pregnancy-Related Deaths – Racial Disparities

Pregnancy-related deaths per 100,000 live births for non-Hispanic whites and blacks, NC residents, 1999-2014



SOURCE: NC DHHS State Center for Health Statistics, June 2018 | **NOTE:** NH=Non-Hispanic.

Pregnancy Related Cause of Death North Carolina 2005 – 2014

Implementation of Maternal Mortality Review Committee

Pregnancy related check box

| | | | | | | | | | | · | |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| Year | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cause of Death Category | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | Total |
| Cardiomyopathy | 6 | 4 | 7 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 6 | 3 | 37 |
| Cardiovascular | 3 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 27 |
| Noncardiovascular Medical Conditions | 4 | 1 | 5 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 18 |
| Infection | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 9 | 7 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 27 |
| Eclampsia/Hypertensive Disorders Of Pregnancy | 0 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 22 |
| Pulmonary Embolus | 4 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 25 |
| Cerebrovascular Diseases | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 19 |
| Amniotic Fluid Embolus | 2 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 9 |
| Hemorrage | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 17 |
| Undetermined | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Suicide | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Homicide | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Total | 26 | 11 | 21 | 22 | 31 | 17 | 19 | 18 | 25 | 16 | 206 |

SOURCE: NC DHHS State Center for Health Statistics, June 2018.

NOTE: The criteria for a "pregnancy related case" is not consistent over time

Cardiovascular leading cause of maternal mortality in NC

of NC Maternal Deaths from 2005-2014

- 1. Cardiomyopathy (37) + Cardiovascular (27) = 64
- 2. Infection (27)
- 3. Pulmonary Embolus (25)

of Maternal Deaths in 2014

- 1. Cardiomyopathy (3) + Cardiovascular (1) = 4
- 2. Cerebrovascular Disease (3)
- 3. Hemorrhage (2)
- 4. Suicide (2)

SOURCE: NC DHHS State Center for Health Statistics, June 2018

Severe Maternal Morbidity (SMM) CY 2016 & 2017

Definition: "A woman who nearly died but survived a complication that occurred during pregnancy, childbirth or within 42 days of termination of pregnancy."

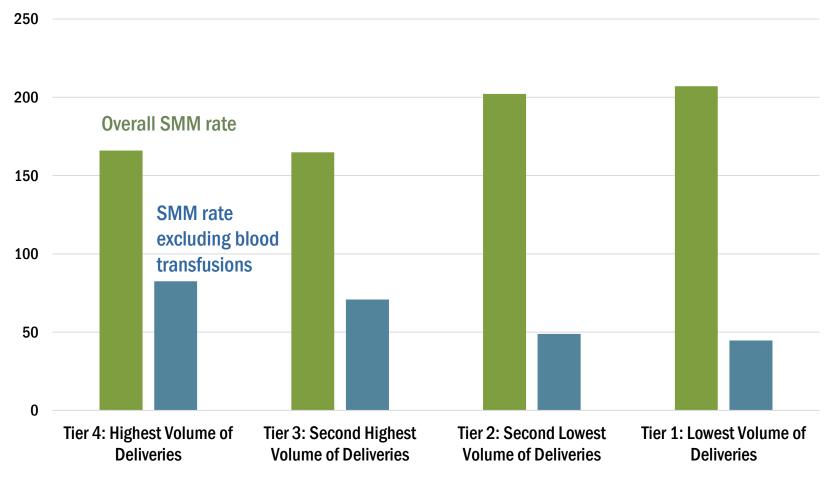
| Total Deliveries in NC Hospitals = 222,113 | Number | Rate per 10,000 deliveries |
|---|--------|----------------------------------|
| Overall SMM | 3,834 | 172 |
| SMM excluding | | |
| transfusions | 1,702 | 76 |

SOURCE: NC DHHS State Center for Health Statistics August 2018. Report based on Alliance for Innovation on Maternal Health (AIM) Project; http://safehealthcareforeverywoman.org/aim-data/

¹Say et al., Best Pract Res CI OB 2009

Severe Maternal Morbidity by Hospital Volume NC Resident Deliveries: 2016-2017

SMM Rate per 10,000 Deliveries



SOURCE: NC DHHS State Center for Health Statistics August 2018. Report based on Alliance for Innovation on Maternal Health (AIM) Project; http://safehealthcareforeverywoman.org/aim-data/

Severe Maternal Morbidities NC Resident Deliveries, 2016-2017

| Total Deliveries: N=222,113 | SMM Inc | luding Transfusions | SMM Excluding Transfusions | | | |
|-----------------------------|---------|---------------------|----------------------------|-------|--|--|
| | N=3,834 | % | N=1,701 | % | | |
| Race | | | | | | |
| Non-Hispanic White | 1,714 | 44.7 | 754 | 44.32 | | |
| Non-Hispanic Black | 1,247 | 32.5 | 570 | 33.51 | | |
| Non-Hispanic Am. Indian | 98 | 2.56 | 60 | 3.53 | | |
| Non-Hispanic Other | 306 | 8.0 | 148 | 8.70 | | |
| Hispanic/Latina | 469 | 12.23 | 169 | 9.94 | | |

SOURCE: NC DHHS State Center for Health Statistics August 2018. Report based on Alliance for Innovation on Maternal Health (AIM) Project; http://safehealthcareforeverywoman.org/aim-data/

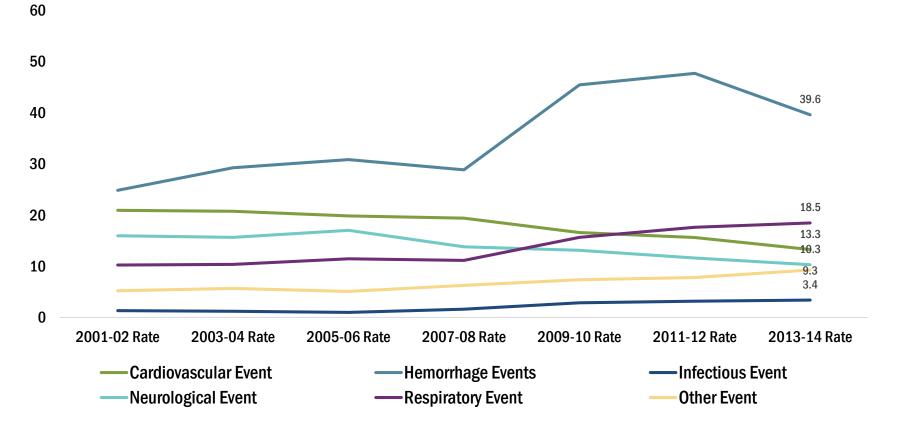
Severe Maternal Morbidities NC Resident Deliveries, 2016-2017

| Total Deliveries: N=222,113 | SMM Inch | uding Transfusions | SMM Excluding Transfusions | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------|--------------------|----------------------------|-------|--|--|
| | N=3,834 | % | N=1,701 | % | | |
| NC AHEC Regions | | | | | | |
| Area L | 166 | 4.33 | 55 | 3.23 | | |
| Charlotte | 175 | 4.56 | 101 | 5.94 | | |
| Eastern | 1,067 | 27.83 | 456 | 26.81 | | |
| Greensboro | 151 | 3.94 | 49 | 2.88 | | |
| Mountain | 788 | 20.55 | 425 | 24.99 | | |
| Northwest | 707 | 18.44 | 304 | 17.87 | | |
| Southeast | 292 | 7.62 | 86 | 5.06 | | |
| Southern Regional | 217 | 5.66 | 103 | 6.06 | | |
| Wake | 271 | 7.07 | 122 | 7.17 | | |

SOURCE: NC DHHS State Center for Health Statistics August 2018. Report based on Alliance for Innovation on Maternal Health (AIM) Project; http://safehealthcareforeverywoman.org/aim-data/

Hemorrhage rates increased faster than other SMM rates but decreased in 13-14

NC Rates of Severe Maternal Morbidity (Excluding Blood Transfusions) Per 10,000 Delivery Hospitalizations



SOURCE: NC DHHS State Center for Health Statistics, August 2018

Data Summary

- NC pregnancy-related maternal mortality for 2014 was lowest since 2006, below that estimated for US
- Racial disparities exist with higher rates among non-Hispanic Black women
- Maternal mortality increasing nationally but may be partly due to improved identification
- NC working with CDC and other states to develop "best practice" protocol for national standard
- Look forward to more data from Maternal Mortality Review Committee
- Leading cause of maternal mortality related to cardiovascular causes or cardiomyopathy
 - Related to health of women prior to pregnancy
- Leading cause of SMM is hemorrhage