



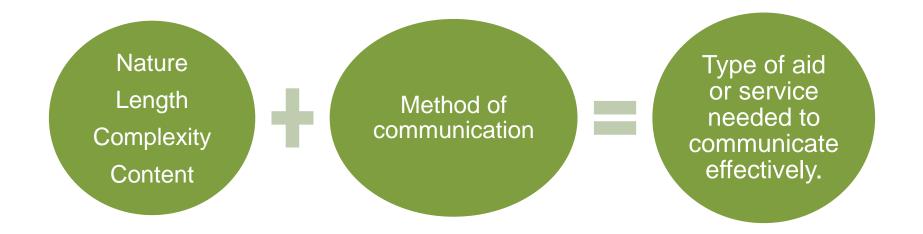
Communication Access Barriers to Health Care and American Sign Language (ASL)/English Interpreting Services

A presentation of the North Carolina Division of Services for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing to the North Carolina Institute of Medicine



The Americans with Disabilities Act ADA and Communication Access

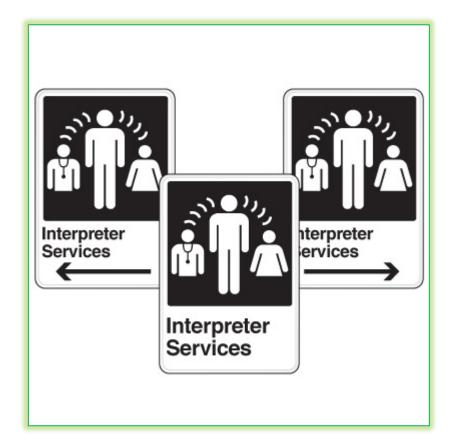
Effective Communication





When Interpreting Services Are Necessary

It is the responsibility of the service provider to secure and pay for interpreter services.





Ensure No Individual with a Disability is Excluded

Auxiliary Aid or Servi		nrotor	
If a sign language interpreter is determined to be the appropriate service, then	Sign Language Inter	Qualified Interpreter] /
	The interpreter must be qualified as defined by the ADA.		_
		Interprets effectively, accurately, and impartially, both receptively and expressively using any specialized vocabulary.	



Availability of Qualified Interpreters





Availability of Qualified Interpreters (as of February, 2017)

Geographic Distribution of Qualified Interpreters

- 60% reside in <u>8</u> of the 100 NC counties;
- 44% reside in <u>4</u> counties Wake, Mecklenburg, Guilford, and Burke
- 51% of NC's counties have none; and
- 25% of NC counties only have at least 1 or 2





Video Remote Interpreting Solution (?)





 High speed internetbased video connection to provide visual access to an interpreter who is in a different physical location than the patient and provider.

VRI and the ADA

- 2010: US Department of Justice stated that entities do have the choice of using VRI or on-site interpreters in situations where *either could be effective.*
- Remember: Effective Communication is the goal.





VRI from the Provider's Perspective

Easier access to an interpreter and time saved by not having to wait for an on-site interpreter to arrive.

Potential for cost savings.

Potential to provide informed, lifesaving care to the patient shortly upon their arrival for health care.





VRI from the Patient's Perspective

Only an interim solution when on-site interpreting is not immediately available.

Inaccessible for deaf patients with vision impairments; cognitive, psychiatric, or linguistic difficulties; in certain physical positions, or under medication or fatigue.

Other limitations: technology, training, availability/effectiveness for certain types of assignments.





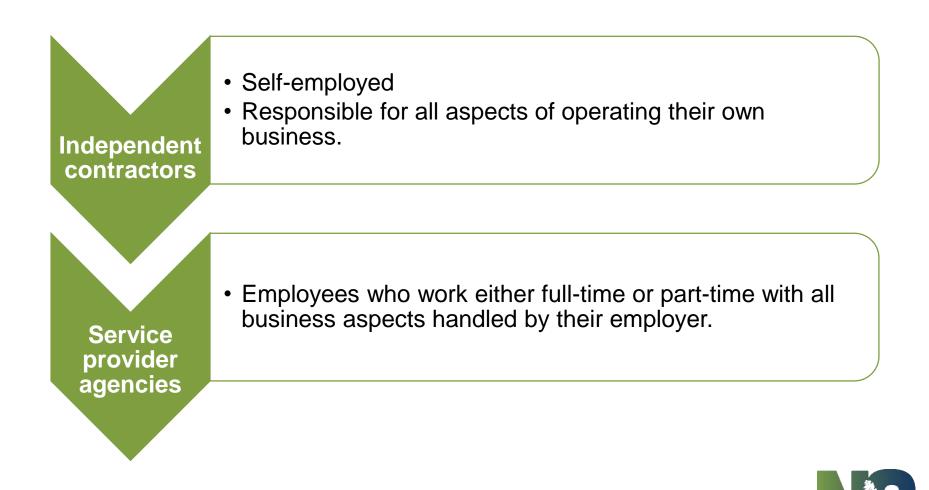
Provider Business Practices

- Use of provisionally licensed interpreters;
- Use of VRI only; and
- Hospitals tend to contract with single agencies which limits the pool of qualified interpreters.





Standard ASL/English Interpreter Business Practices



Interpreter Terms of Services

Rates

- Hourly rates (2 hour minimum)
- Vary among individuals and agencies.
- \$40 to \$60 per hour from individuals
- \$70 to \$100 per hour from agencies

Travel Fees

- Mileage fees based on round trip miles multiplied by the federal rate, currently at \$.53/mile
- Sometimes travel time is charged at the hourly interpreting rate.

Cancellation

- Vary from twentyfour (24) hours to two (2) weeks,
- If assignment requires less time than scheduled or the assignment is cancelled upon arrival, the charges are generally for the time originally requested.

