



# Division of Services for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing

## The Basics...

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#### **Basic Terms You Need Know**

- Deaf
- Hard of Hearing
- Deaf-Blind
  - Deaf or Hard of Hearing with Low Vision
- Late Deafened
- Deaf Plus
- Hearing-Impaired
- Hearing Loss
- Intersectionality

#### "People-First Language"

- Widely used by people with disabilities.
- Exception: Culturally Deaf people those who use American Sign Language (ASL) and are members of the Deaf community
  - Reason: Deaf identity as a source of pride and view of Deafness as a culture
- This sentiment is not as strong among hard of hearing people, though it is acceptable to many to say "Hard of Hearing people." More commonly-used is "people with hearing loss."

#### American Sign Language

- A true language that meets all linguistic requirements for a language
- Not "universal" there are hundreds of sign languages around the world as well as regional dialects
- Rich and sophisticated capable of conveying complex, nuanced, and/or abstract concepts
- Prelingually Deaf children face challenges in acquiring language, usually because the early intervention and education systems are inadequate in ensuring language acquisition and literacy

#### **Communication Rules**

Given the wide variety of communication methods used by meeting participants, communication rules serve to ensure all meeting participants have an equal opportunity to participate in a meeting.

- Raise your hand if you want to speak
- Wait for facilitator to recognize you before speaking
- State your name before speaking so that the Deaf, Hard of Hearing, or Deaf-Blind participants know who is talking

### Sign Language Interpreters

- Lag Time
- Look at the speaker, not the interpreter
- Speak normally they will tell you if you speaking too rapidly, too quietly, etc
- They are <u>not</u> participants
- Conduct governed by Registry of Interpreters for the Deaf (RID) Code of Professional Conduct



