Community Partnerships and Collaborations

NCIOM ACCOUNTABLE CARE COMMUNITIES TASK FORCE

PRESENTATION BY CALVIN ALLEN RURAL FORWARD NC AT THE FOUNDATION FOR HEALTH LEADERSHIP AND INNOVATION

OBJECTIVES OF THE SESSION

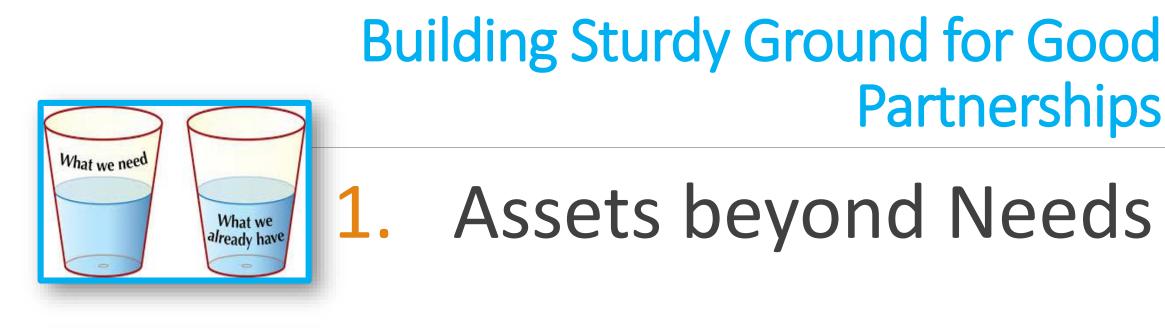
- 1. Provide background on Rural Forward NC, a program of FHLI and a partner in the Healthy Places NC initiative
- 2. Identify the benefits and challenges of coalition building
- **3.** Discuss some of the best practices for coalition building
- 4. Raise equity and inclusion issues to consider

COLLABORATION DEFINED?

WHY COLLABORATE?

NORE & BETTER!







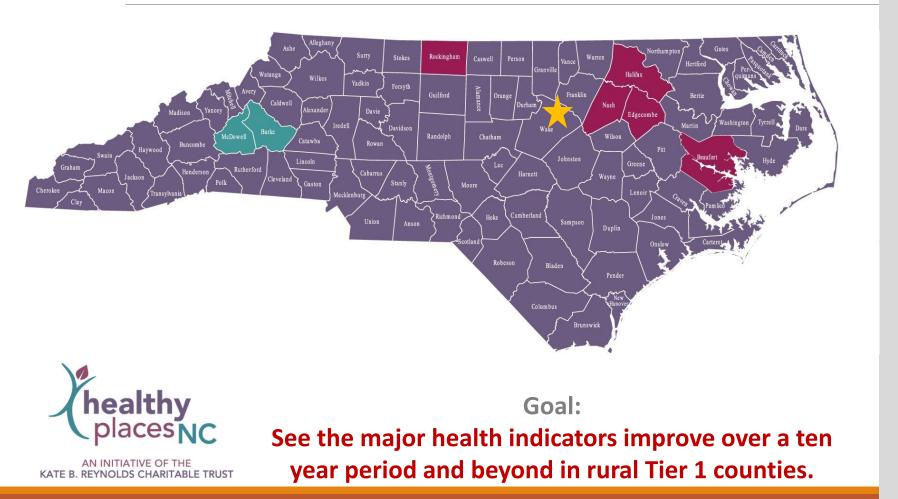
2. Relationships are the currency of nonprofit culture.

Healthy Places NC \$100 million over 10 years in 10-15 rural, Tier 1 NC counties

Identify and build relationships with **local leaders** in innovation

Continuously map local innovation strategies toward a healthier community

Amplify their impact to a **countywide level** through capacity supports and strategic funding



KEY CHANGES WE SEEK

Increased collaboration and communication between agencies and departments

More inclusive lists of partners at the table, particularly communities of color and low-income

Improved innovation plans with inclusive goals, benchmarks, and a network of partners

The Nick Aceves Principle

"We could all be doing our jobs perfectly and still the county might not be improving."



AN INITIATIVE OF THE KATE B. REYNOLDS CHARITABLE TRUST

GOAL: See the major health indicators improve over a ten year period in rural Tier 1 counties.

Identify and build relationships with **local leaders** in innovation

> Strengthen their capacity and sustainability as individuals, organizations, and coalitions

Network relevant partners to eliminate service gaps and 3 connect them to relevant resources

Regional Support Organizations



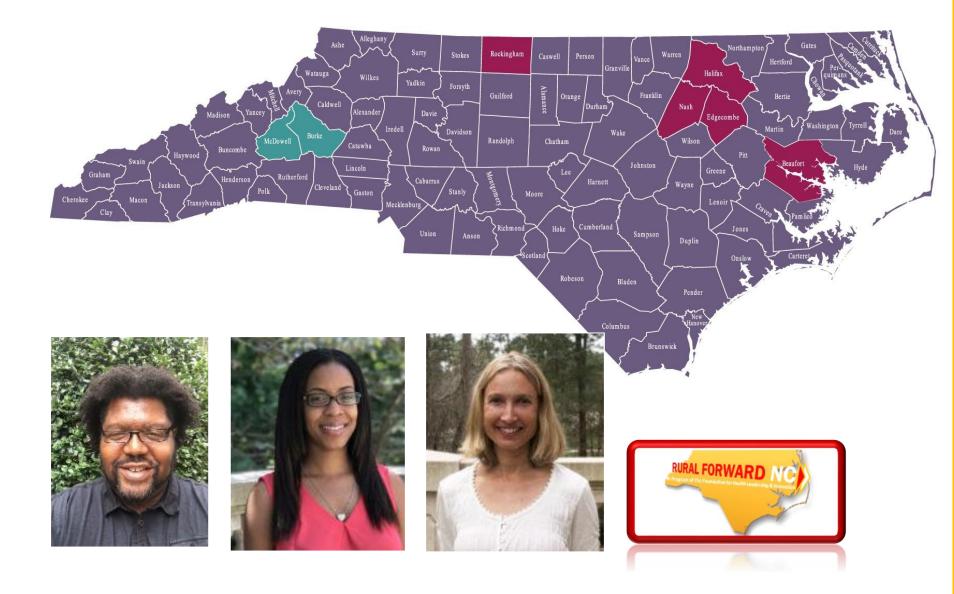
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Rural Forward NC PRINCIPAL TOOLS



Training Facilitation Strategic Planning Research and Evaluation Coaching Connecting Policy Support



PRINCIPAL Responsibilities

- 1. Identify Leaders, Orgs, and Innovators
- 2. Strengthen Skills and Sustainability
- 3. Connect Them to Resources and Each Other
- 4. Stay abreast of statewide, regional, and national resources
- 5. Collect evaluation data
- 6. Write communications pieces
- 7. Manage network conflict
- 8. Communicate to the Hub

Supporting Agency Partners

Agency Partner: Support organizations identified by the Trust or RFNC to assist in a HPNC county

Support Goals for Rural Forward NC:

- Increase interagency coordination, communication, and reflection within a particular HPNC county/issue, especially regarding CLINICAL, HEALTHY EATING, ACTIVE LIVING
- 2. Increase effectiveness in communities, skill translation
- 3. Explore regional opportunities

Support Roles

- 1. RFNC convenes agency partners quarterly
- 2. RFNC connects agency partners and community partners
- 3. RFNC coaches staff, teaches conflict management



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- Programmatic home outside of the NC Office of Rural Health
- a home for programs, connecting them to collectively address health issues, while providing the space, resources, and expertise they need to do their work. We are the foundation from which programs and partnerships grow to improve the health of the whole-person through a wholecommunity approach.

The NC Rural

Health Alliance

NC Oral Health

Collaborative

• Currently 30 staff members

Catalysts for

Healthy Eating and

Active Living

Regional Community Health Needs

Assessment Program

Foundation for Health Leadership & Innovation

Moving people and ideas into action

do			FHLI Board of Directors
			President and CEO Anne Thomas
	Practice	The Jim Bernstein Fellowship	Admin Team and Backoffice Program
	Sights	Program	Support
	Center of Excellence For Integrated Care	The Jim Bernstein Scholars Program	RURAL FOR WARD NC

www.foundationhli.org

Lessons Learned

There is power in agency collaboration.

There is power in sharing data beyond traditional organizational boundaries.

Trust can develop when collaboration and data sharing happen successfully, and that can lead to innovation.

HELPFUL HINTS

- **1.** Siloes make it difficult to make decisions. A core group (not too big) is essential.
- 2. These approaches can be applied in any county. It just depends on leadership and who is in the community. Anyone can do it. It just depends on where you start.
- **3.** These efforts took years to get this far, and they still aren't done. Collaboration takes ongoing work.
- 4. Leadership was important. It helped to make our roles clear.

Value of Collaborations and Partnerships

- 1. Resources
- 2. Power
- 3. Access: INCLUSION
- 4. Communication
- 5. Culture

Risks of Collaborations and Partnerships

- **1**. *Resources*
- 2. Power
- 3. Access
- 4. Communication
- **5**. *Culture*



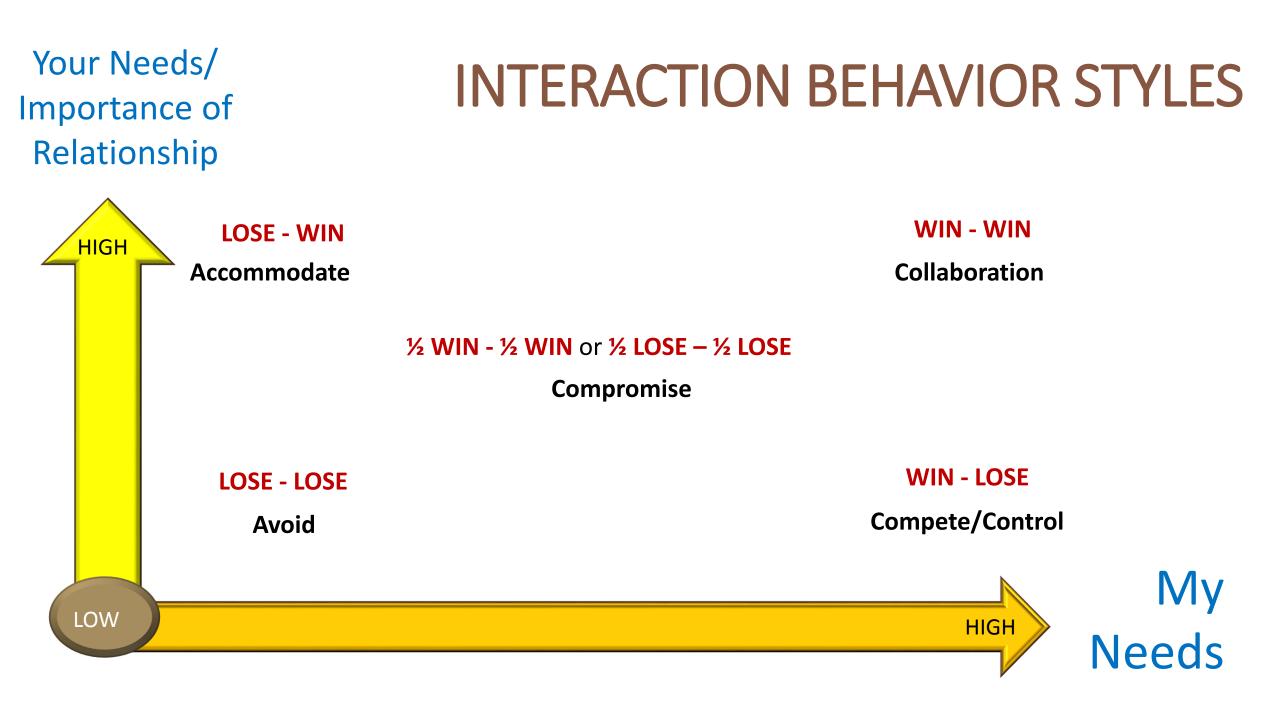
5 Partnership and Collaboration Traps

- **1. INCENTIVE:** There is nothing in it for you and/or the goals are not collective.
- **2. POWER:** Voice is not evenly distributed.
- **3. RESOURCES:** You do not have available or necessary tools required to collaborate.
- 4. EQUITABLEROLES: Decision-making and structure are not based on the dynamics of the group.
- 5. AUTHORITY: Representatives don't have permission to make decisions on behalf of their organization.

Spectrum of Collective Work Building Power for Breakthrough Social Change

	network	 affiliation 	→ coalition	-> strategic alliance	merger
PURPOSE	Communication	Cooperation	Coordination	Collaboration	Convergence
Information Exchange	Fully autonomous.	Working agreements to share information and support each other's work.	Aligned or co-	Relinquish some autonomy for collective purpose and integrated strategies. Opportunity for synergy and adaptive change.	Relinquish autonomy and unith within an integrated, seamless structure
Mutual Support	to Sanda		Sponsored		
Joint Effort	1. Sezabiles				
Shared Vision and Goals		Provincian a			
Consolidated Aission nd/or tructure					

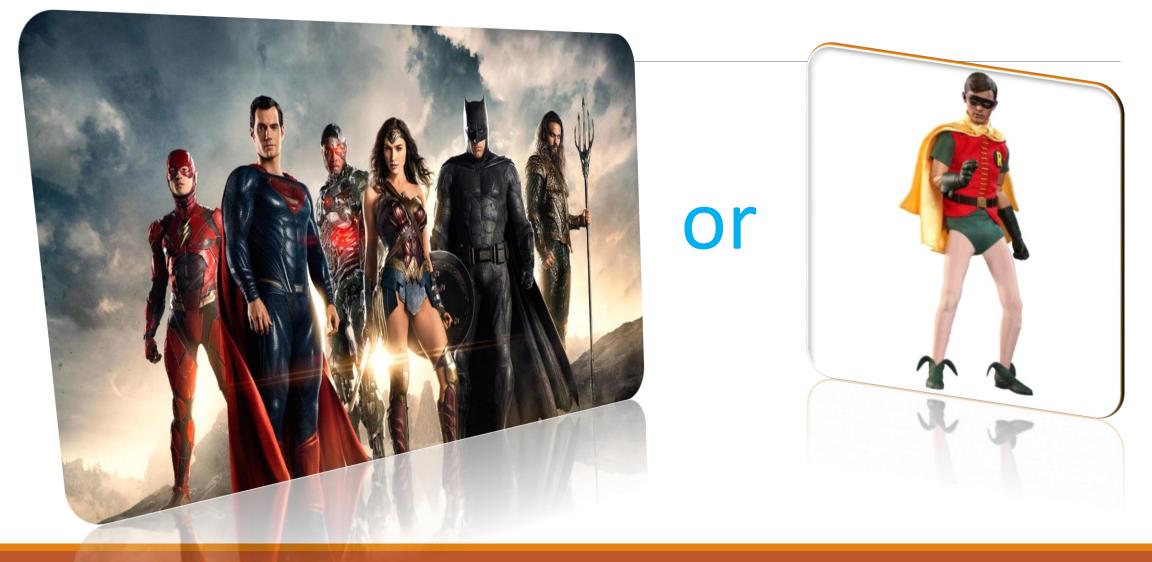
Adapted by OpenSource Leadership Strategies, Inc. www.opensourceleadership.com from National Community Development Institute, Institute for Cosservation Leadership. Audrey Alvarado and Isabel Lopez, Darlyne Balley and Kelly McNally Koney, and other sources.

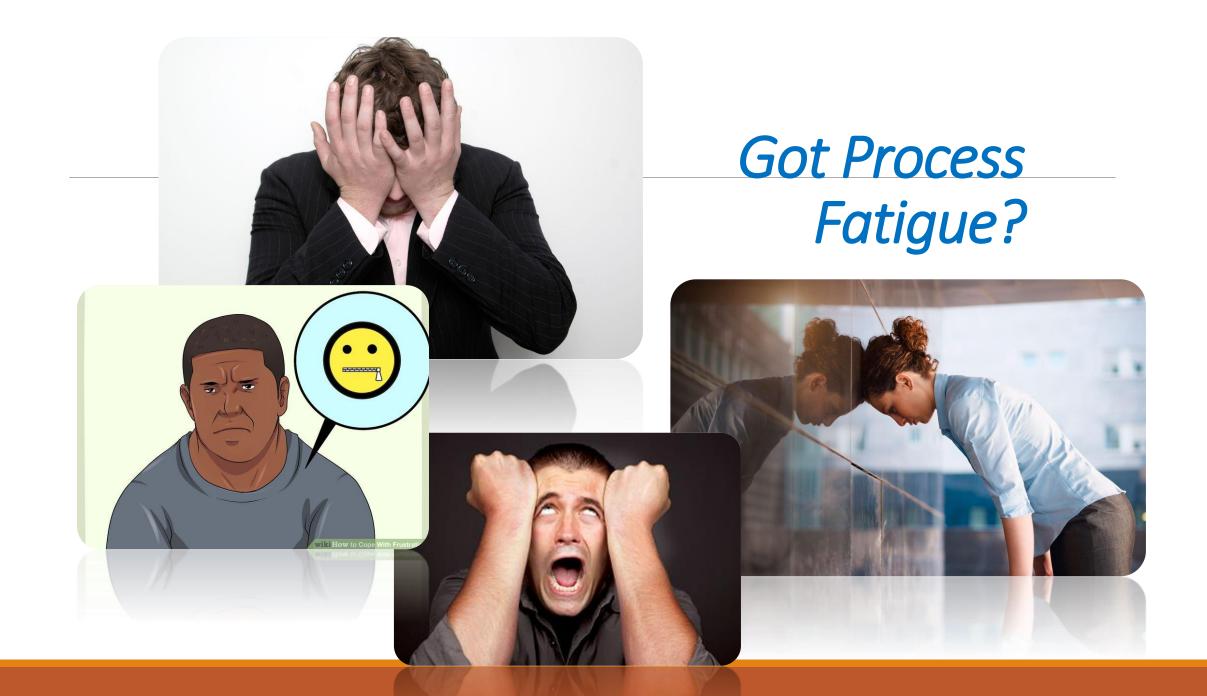


6 Useful Tools for Partnerships and Collaborations

- 1. Memorandum of Agreement or Statement of Desired Outcomes
- 2. An Asset Map: Relationships, Tools, Data
- 3. Temporary Structure and Roles: *Convener, Chair, Facilitator*
- 4. One Pager: Mission, Vision, Who to Impact
- 5. Strategic Plan: *Benchmarks, Timelines*
- 6. Permanent Structure: Accountability

This is a job for...?





Bruce Tuckman's Stages of Group Development

- **1. Forming**: The group comes together and gets to initially know one other and form as a group.
- **2. Storming**: A chaotic vying for leadership and trialing of group processes.
- **3. Norming**: Eventually agreement is reached on how the group operates.
- **4. Performing**: The group practices its craft and becomes effective in meeting its objectives.

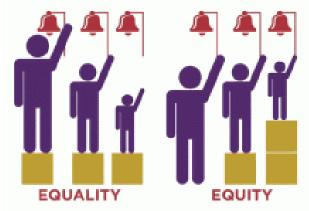
Tuckman added a 5th stage 10 years later:

5. Adjourning: The process of "unforming" the group, that is, letting go of the group structure and moving on.

- 1. "WORSHIP OF THE WRITTEN WORD:"
- Data is very important, but it cannot tell the whole story.
- 2. "FEAR OF OPEN CONFLICT:"
- When people don't tell you their concerns, you are REALLY in trouble.
- 3. "PROGRESS IS BIGGER, MORE:"
- In some cases, a minor shift can be more meaningful.
- 4. "OBJECTIVITY:"
- Are any of us truly objective? There is power and trust building in acknowledging our perspectives.
- 5. "EITHER/OR THINKING, PERFECTIONISM"
- There are many ways to address any one issue.
- Instead of looking for "right" answers, let innovation bloom through visioning.
- 6. "SENSE OF URGENCY:"
- Balance the pace of the group with the necessity of the goal.
- 7. "POWER-HOARDING:"
- Are we including only traditional voices in a public process?
- How do we encourage new and untraditional leaders to step up?



Taking the Lead on Equity and Opportunity: Equity-Mindedness



Equality is about sameness; it focuses on making sure everyone gets the same thing. Equity is about fairness; it ensures that each person gets what he or she needs.



DISCUSSION TIME

Partnership Dynamics, 1 of 3

Objectives:

- 1. All parties are clear
- 2. Objectives versus products?

Methodology:

- 1. Method for achieving objectives is clear
- 2. Timelines are set (1 year, 6 months, 3 months, beyond 1 year)

Boundaries are clear:

- 1. values
- 2. how you do things
- 3. what you won't do
- 4. exchange of vision, mission, organizational values

Partnership Dynamics, 2 of 3

Accountability:

- 1. Roles: Project director/Link, Authority, Facilitator, Expertise, Advisors
- 2. Structure: Formality? Timespan? MOU/contract? Timeline? Conflict management?
- **3. Benchmarks:** Products? Outcomes? Performance measures? Review at 90 days/6 months/1 year;

Power:

- 1. Over/With/Under how does this define the relationship?
- 2. Where is power lacking?
- 3. Strategies for gaining power with available power?

Partnership Dynamics, 3 of 3

Communications

Internal:

- 1. How often will we talk?
- 2. How will we do this?
- 3. Who will coordinate this?
- 4. Mission, vision, values?

External:

- 1. Do we tell the world about this partnership?
- 2. Why are we telling the world?
- 3. What will we say?
- 4. How will we say it?
- 5. Who needs to hear about it?
- 6. What will we not say?